

**NATURAL SUBREGIONS OF SOUTHERN ALBERTA  
2005**





## **Blowout and Loamy Range Site Association; Dry Mixedgrass**





# Blowout (BIO) Characteristics

- Dominated by Wheatgrass.
- Irregular micro-topography.
- Relief generally ranges from 10 to 50 cm.
- Often in association with Loamy site types but can occur with Sandy, Clayey, Overflow, Thin Breaks, and occasionally with Sands and Badlands.



# Brown Solodized Solonetz

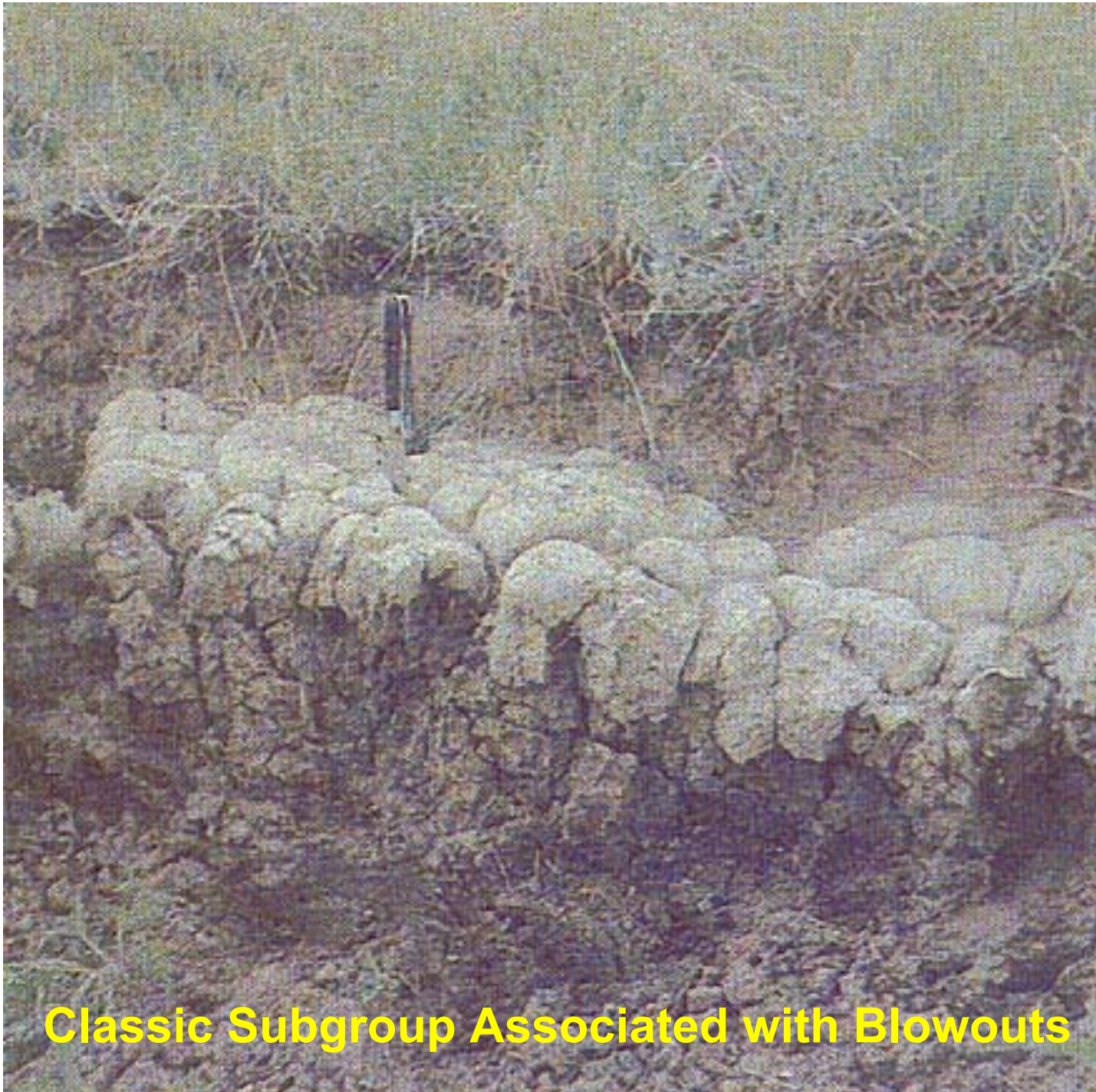
Ah

Ae

Bnt

BCks

**Classic Subgroup Associated with Blowouts**





# Complex of Blowouts (BIO) and Loamy (Lo)

Association of dominant (BIO 80%) and significant (Lo 20%)

**Polygon properties:**

- BIO have more bare soil.
- Silver Sagebrush occurs in both BIO and Lo.

**Provide estimates on silver sagebrush shrub height, cover and distribution pattern.**



## **Blowouts (BIO) with Bare Soil**

**Provide a visual estimation of the percentage of non-vegetated for the Blowouts and Loamy site types.**





# **Complex of Blowouts (BIO) and Loamy (Lo)**

**Provide an estimate of the % grass within each site type**





## **Blowout site types (BIO) may hold water after precipitation and/or runoff events**

How to deal with the temporal differences that may occur due to seasonal or annual differences? **Answer: Base on image assessment**





**DMG: Developed, Oil and Gas (Dev-OG). Tributary to Sage Ck.**





**Primary Class:** Anthropogenic  
**Land Class:** Industrial

**Site Type:** Developed (Dev)  
**Modifier:** Oil or Gas Facilities (OG)

**Facilities must be  $\geq 5$  ha**





# Wellsite development in the Dry Mixedgrass

Oil or gas wellsites, approximate 1 ha (100 m x 100 m). This does not meet the minimum sized GVI polygon requirements (5 ha) so not mapped in GVI.



Ltc H with SL



Numerous plants, including foxtail and kochia, indicate soil salinity





# Active Gravel Pit in the Dry Mixedgrass

**Primary Class:** Anthropogenic

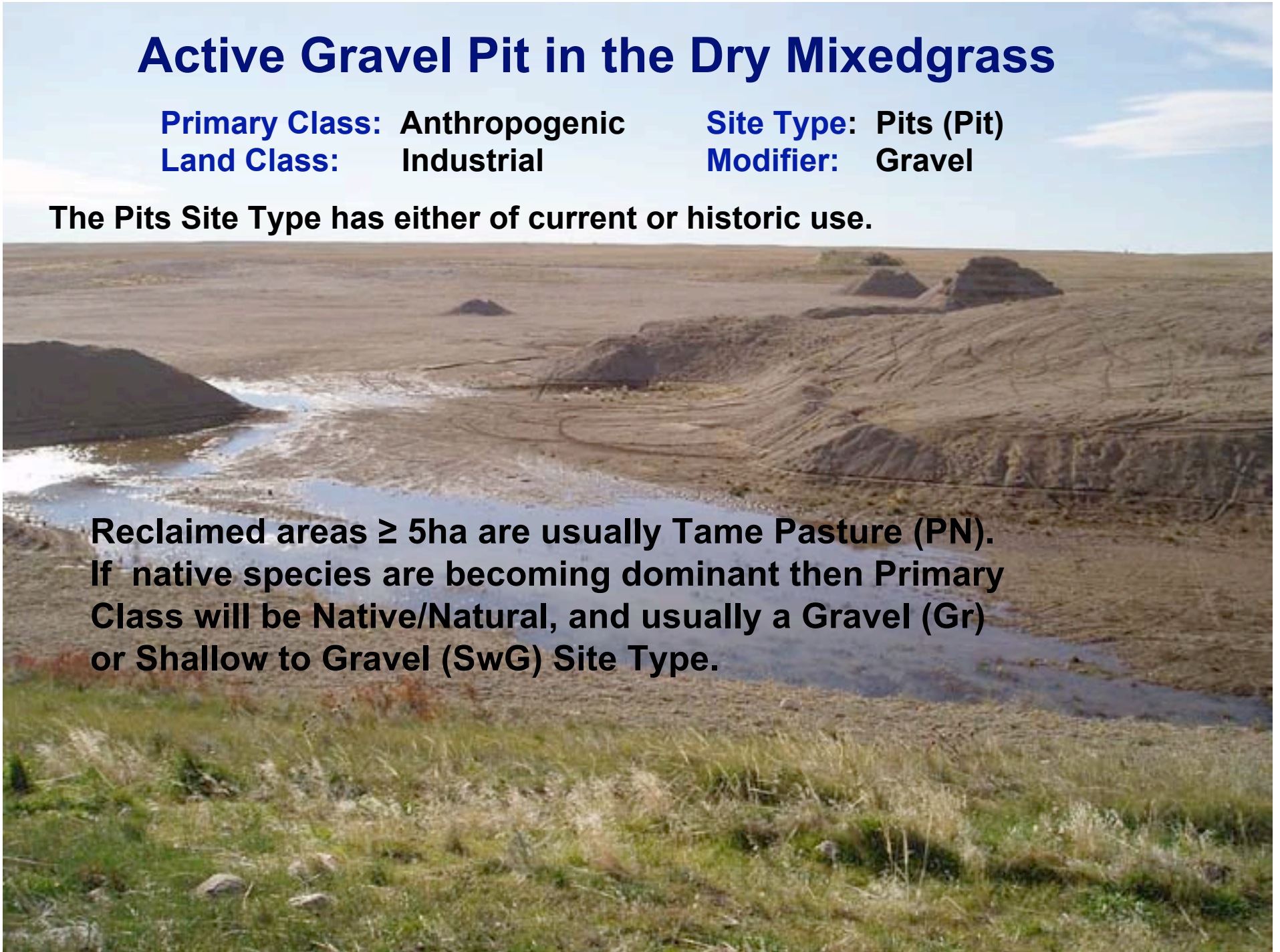
**Land Class:** Industrial

**Site Type:** Pits (Pit)

**Modifier:** Gravel

The Pits Site Type has either of current or historic use.

Reclaimed areas  $\geq 5\text{ha}$  are usually Tame Pasture (PN).  
If native species are becoming dominant then Primary  
Class will be Native/Natural, and usually a Gravel (Gr)  
or Shallow to Gravel (SwG) Site Type.





## Pits (Pit) and Gravel (G) modifier

Limy (Li) and Thin Breaks  
(TB) Native Natural Site Type

Gravels native natural site type beyond the pit





**DMG: Developed – Confined Feeding Operation.  
Feedlot north of Medicine Hat**





**DMG Site Types North of Medicine Hat: Cropland Irrigated; Developed  
– Confined Feeding Operation; Rural; Sands; Thin Breaks; Badlands**





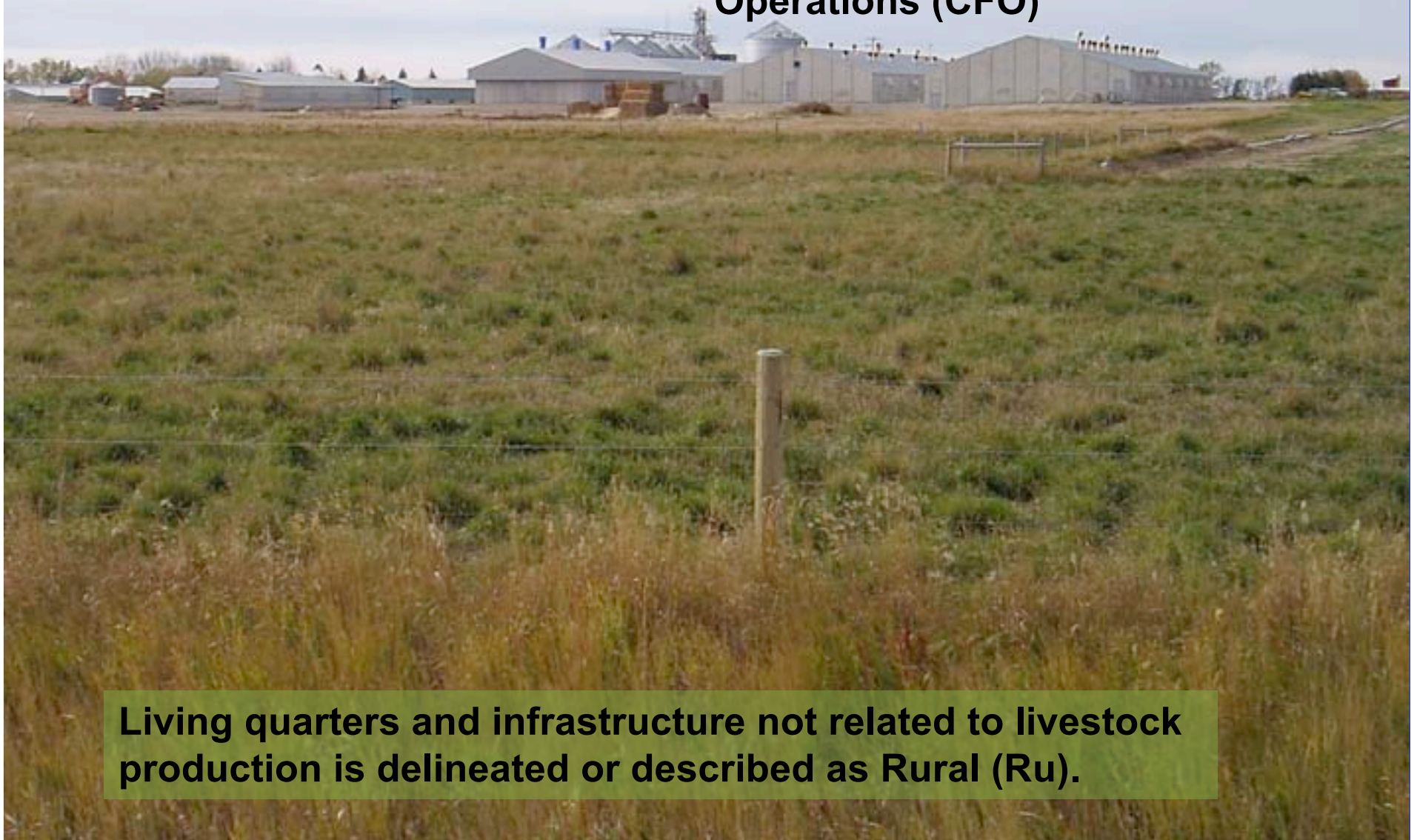
# Hutterite Brethern in the Dry Mixedgrass

**Primary Class:** Anthropogenic

**Land Class:** Industrial

**Site Type:** Developed (Dev)

**Modifier:** Confined Feeding  
Operations (CFO)



Living quarters and infrastructure not related to livestock production is delineated or described as Rural (Ru).



## **Crop Non-irrigated (CN) with Shrub Shelterbelts**





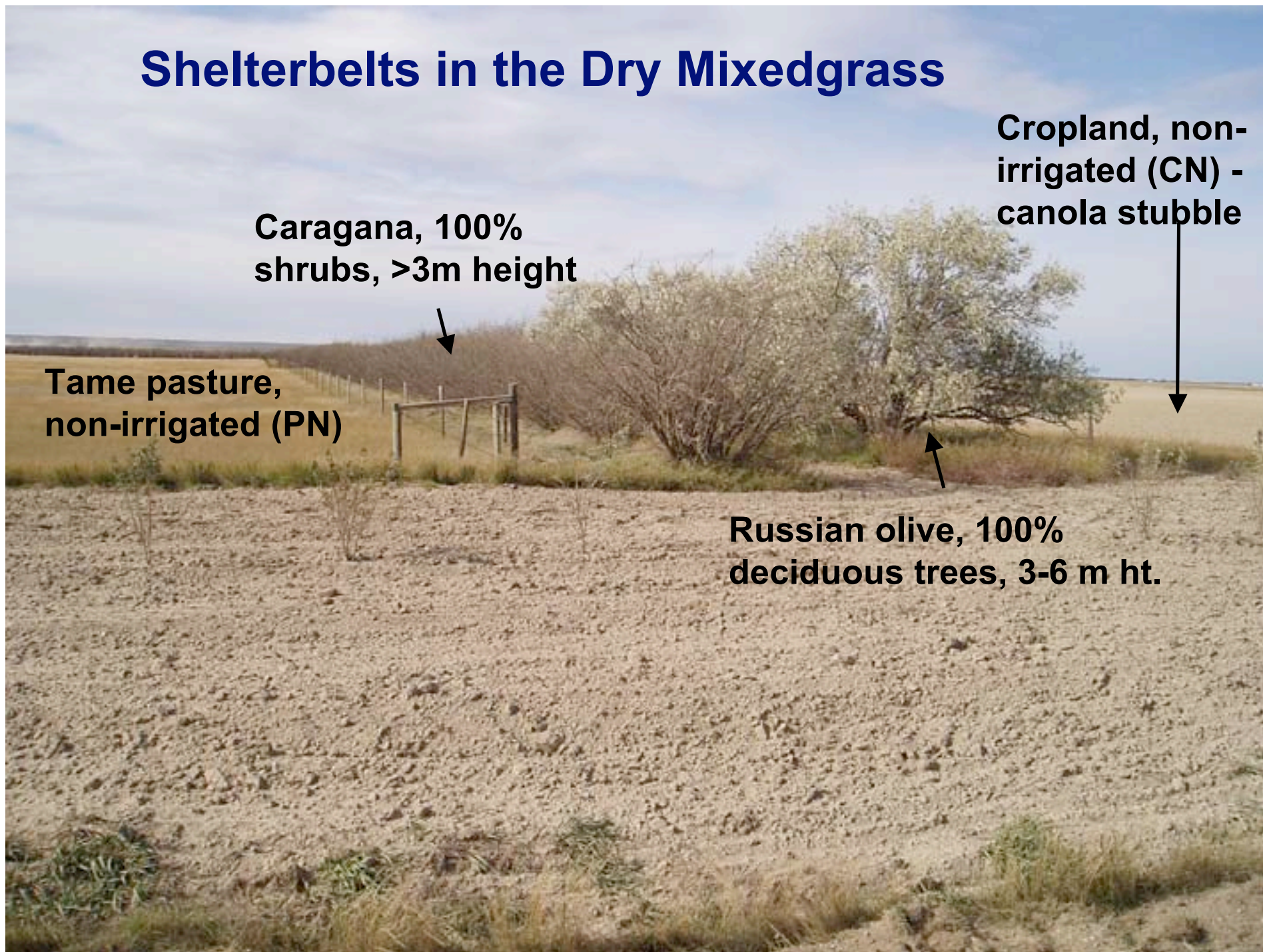
# Shelterbelts in the Dry Mixedgrass

**Caragana, 100%  
shrubs, >3m height**

**Cropland, non-  
irrigated (CN) -  
canola stubble**

**Tame pasture,  
non-irrigated (PN)**

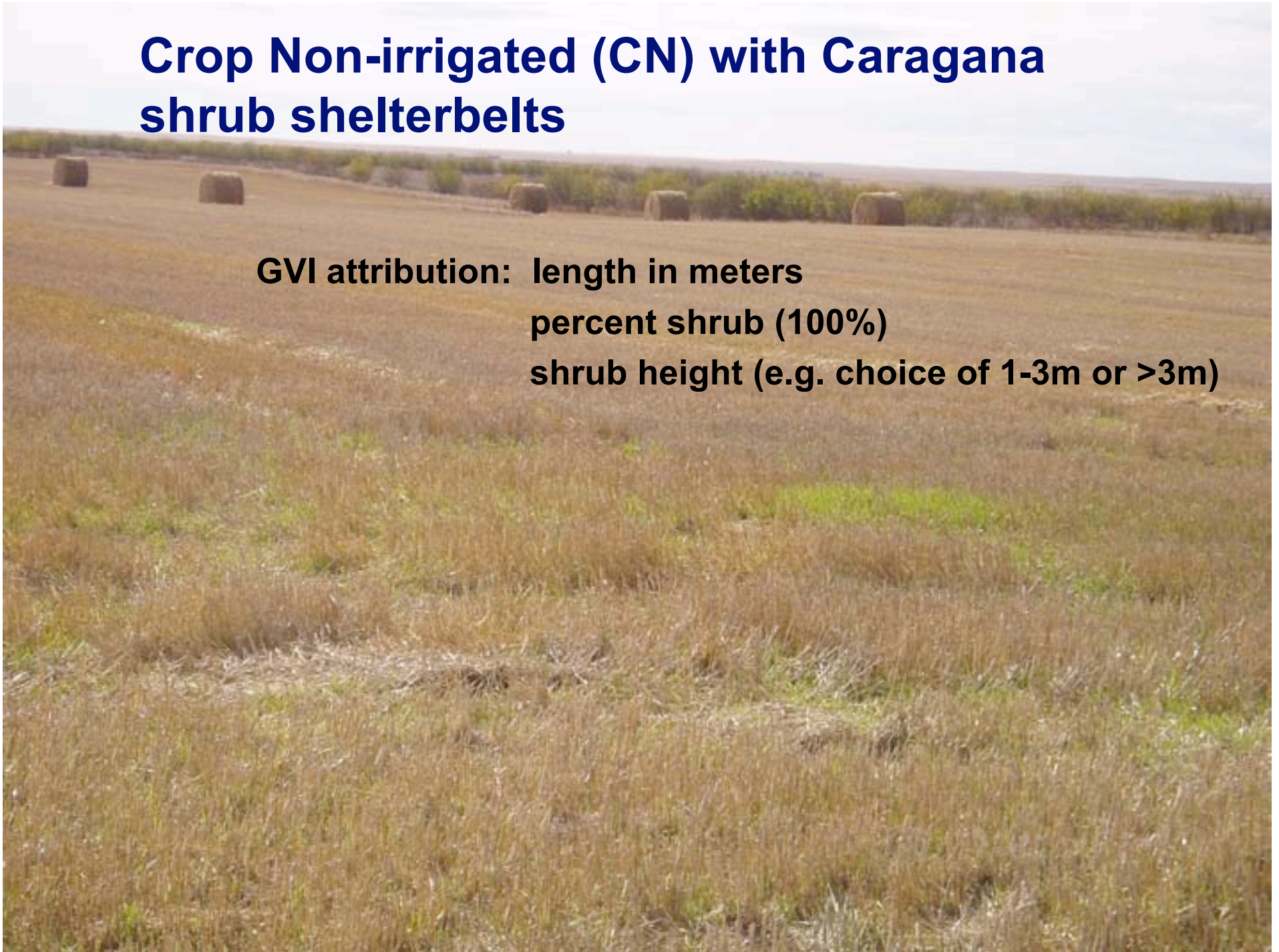
**Russian olive, 100%  
deciduous trees, 3-6 m ht.**





# **Crop Non-irrigated (CN) with Caragana shrub shelterbelts**

**GVI attribution: length in meters  
percent shrub (100%)  
shrub height (e.g. choice of 1-3m or >3m)**





# Country Residential Holdings in the Dry Mixedgrass

**Primary Class:** Anthropogenic

**Land Class:** Settled

**Site Type:** Rural (Ru) Country Residential  
or Multi-Lot Subdivision





**DMG: Settled, with both  
Urban and Rural at Taber**





**DMG: Medicine Hat and Trans-Canada Highway  
Urban; Developed – Transportation; Cropland Irrigated**



**Lentic Open  
Water**



# **DMG: Developed; Modifier- Industrial Processing (Dev-IP) Methanex Plant at Medicine Hat**





## **DMG: Cropland Irrigated (CI) using Flood Irrigation**





# **Crop Non-Irrigated (CN)**

## **Annual Cereal**





## DMG South of Taber: Cropland Non-Irrigated (CN), Salinity in Cropland (CN-Sn), and Shelterbelts





## **MG: Soil Salinity in Cropland Non-Irrigated (CN-Sn)**



**Possible Steps to Delineate and Map this view:**

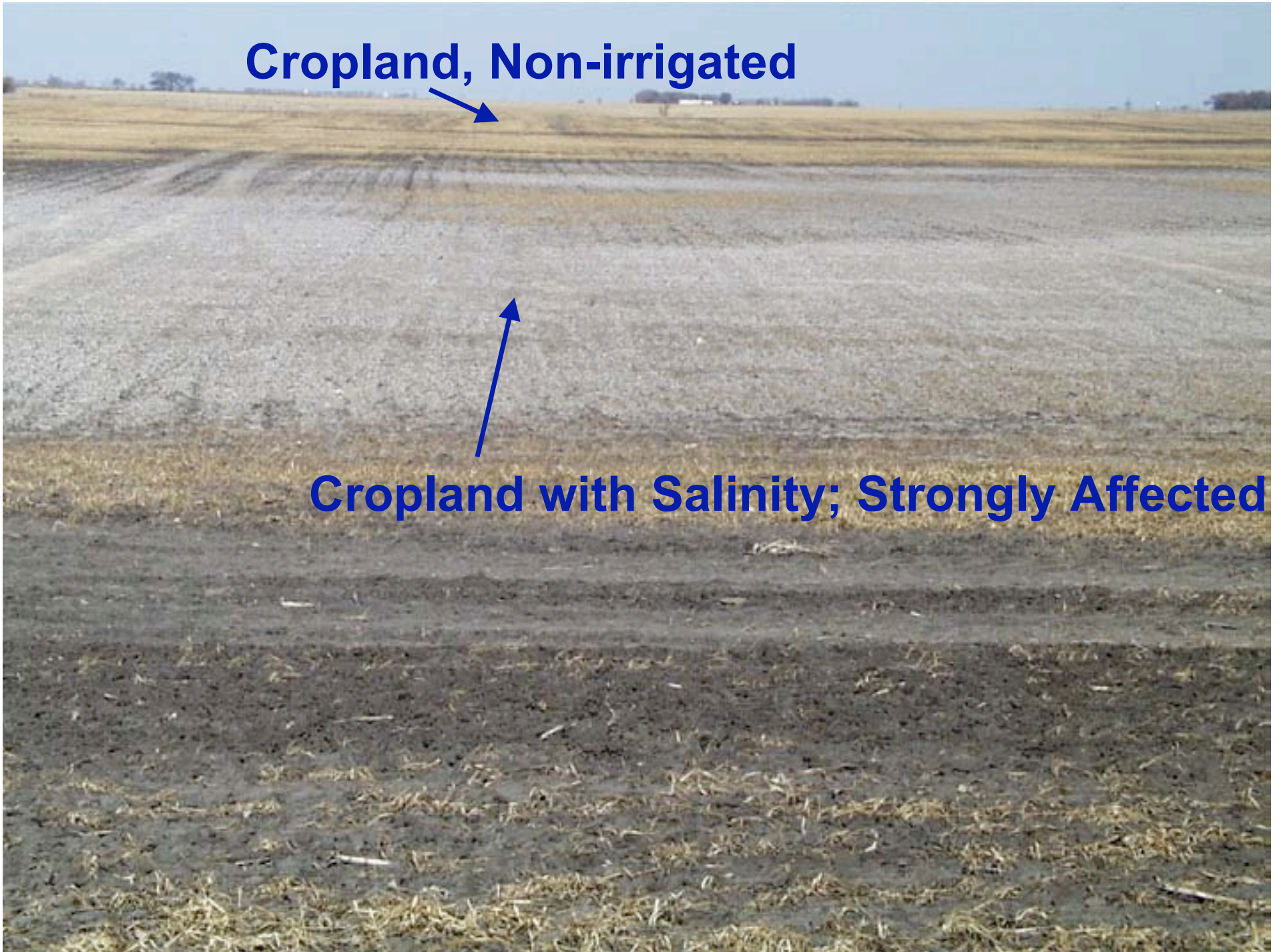
- 1) Delineate Cropland Non-irrigated (CN) areas that do not have salinity.**
- 2) Delineate recognizable patterns of salinity >5 ha in cropland. Eg. Have separate polygons for dominant vs. significant salinity.**
- 3) Describe the salinity distribution pattern for each CN-Sn polygon.**



**Cropland, Non-irrigated**



**Cropland with Salinity; Strongly Affected**





## **MG: Salinity Patterns with Forage Fringe and Cropland**

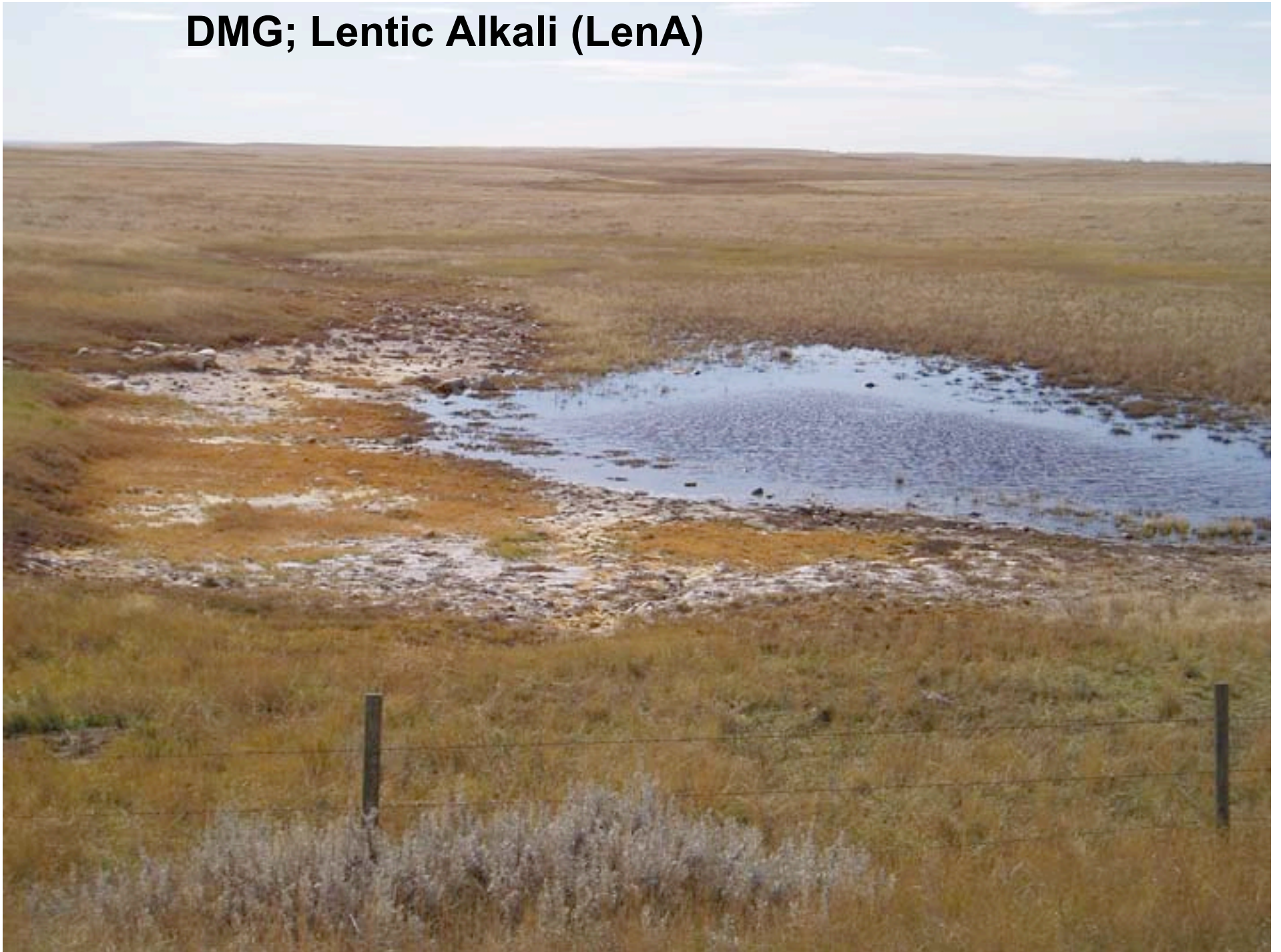


**Possible Steps to Delineate and Map this view:**

- 1) Delineate Cropland Non-irrigated (CN) areas that do not have salinity.**
- 2) Delineate the forage fringe as a separate polygon (described as PN-Sn) with possible Distribution Pattern 6 (a single patch plus several sporadic occurrences).**
- 3) Describe the central area as Crop Non-Irrigated (CN-Sn) with dominant salinity, with possible Distribution Pattern 11.**



## DMG; Lentic Alkali (LenA)





## Lentic Alkali (LenA)





# **Lentic Alkali near Bare Creek, with 85% bare soil.**

**Strong correlation amongst mappers on site type and attributes.**





# Line 6 # 178





## Lentic Alkali + Blowouts at edges







**Lentic Alkali Site Types in Background. Complex of Blowouts, Loamy and Lentic Semi to Permanent in Right Foreground. Badlands in background.**



## DMG: Hypersalinity on the West Side of Verdigris Lake







**DMG: Hypersalinity  
features on the salt  
and mud flats of  
Verdigris Lake.**

**Lentic Alkali**



## DMG: Verdigris L.; Lentic Alkali & Saline Lowland Discharge





## DMG: Complex Patterns in Verdigris Lake





## **Lentic Temporary (Len T) in a Native Natural Site Type**

**Provide estimates for shrub %, shrub height class, shrub cover, and distribution pattern for the upland Native Natural site type.**





**Lentic Temporary near Canal Ck. area– *Hordeum jub.* and *Agrostis sp.* Moderate degree of correlation.**

**Issue:** Possible overlap to Lentic Seasonal

**Decision:** Supply tables & figures for mappers on Lentic separation.





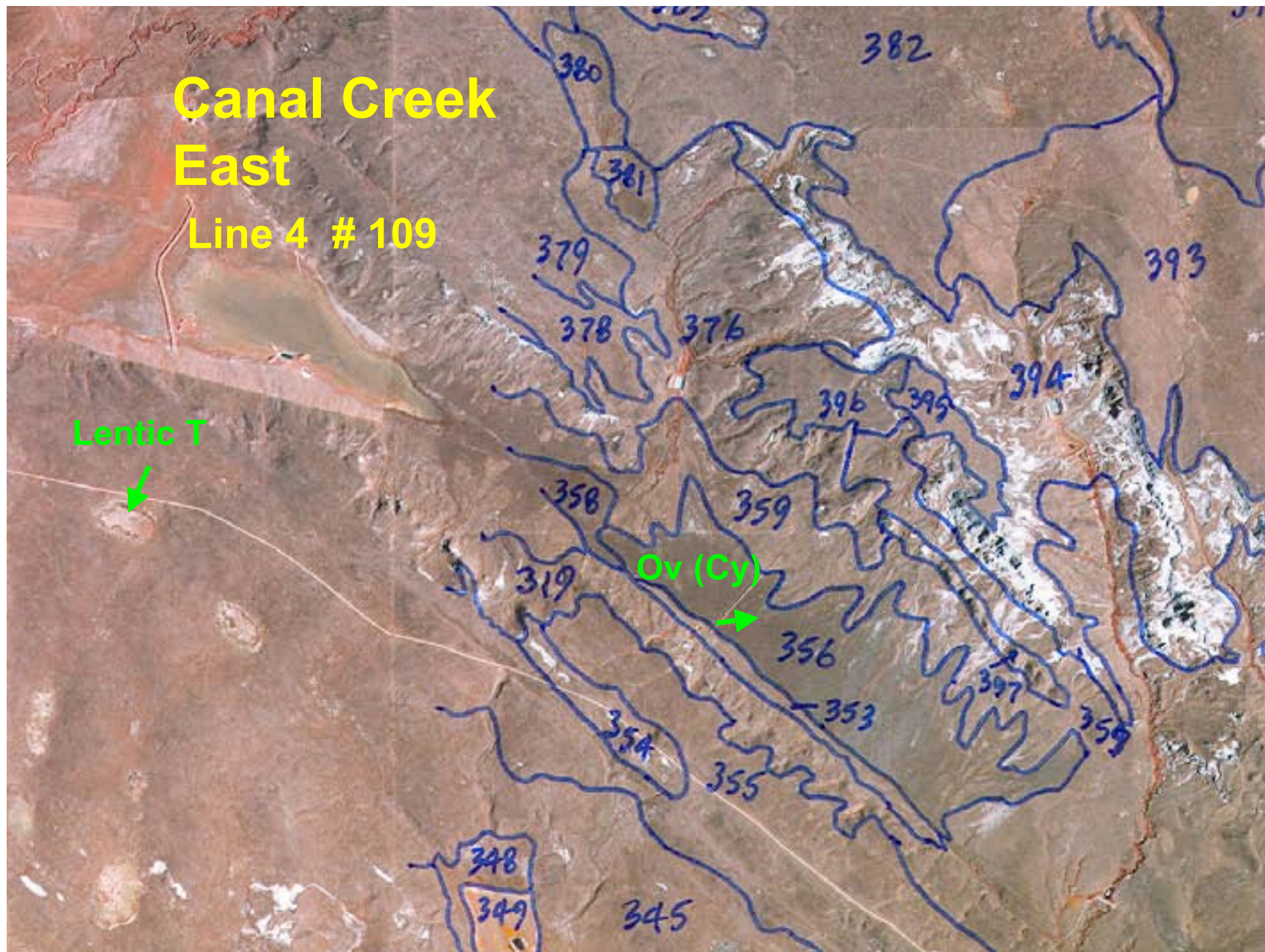
# Canal Creek East

Line 4 # 109

Lentic T



Ov (Cy)



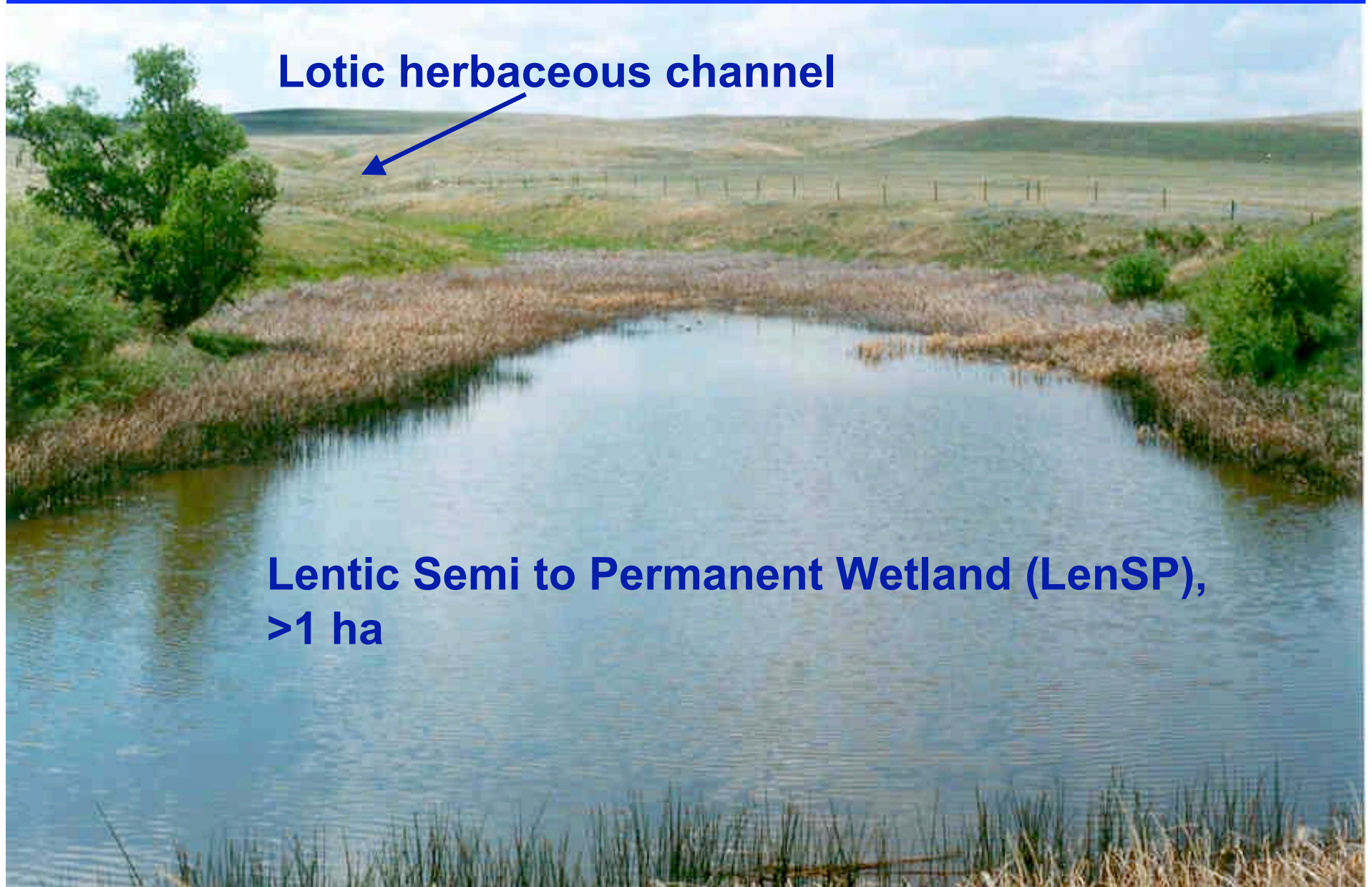


## **DMG: Lentic Seasonal (Len S) North of Lost River Ranch**





# Dry Mixedgrass: Wetland Site Types





## **DMG: Lentic Semi to Permanent Habitats S. of Murray Lake**





## **DMG: Shrub edge South of Murray Lake**





# Lowland Area Example in the Dry Mixedgrass

**Saline Lowland (SL)**

**Subirrigated (Sb) is indicated by the presence of wild licorice (GLYCLEP)**





# Saline Areas in the Dry Mixedgrass

Saline Channel, Lotic Herbaceous

Saline Lowland (SL)  
or seep is a  
component of the  
surrounding unit

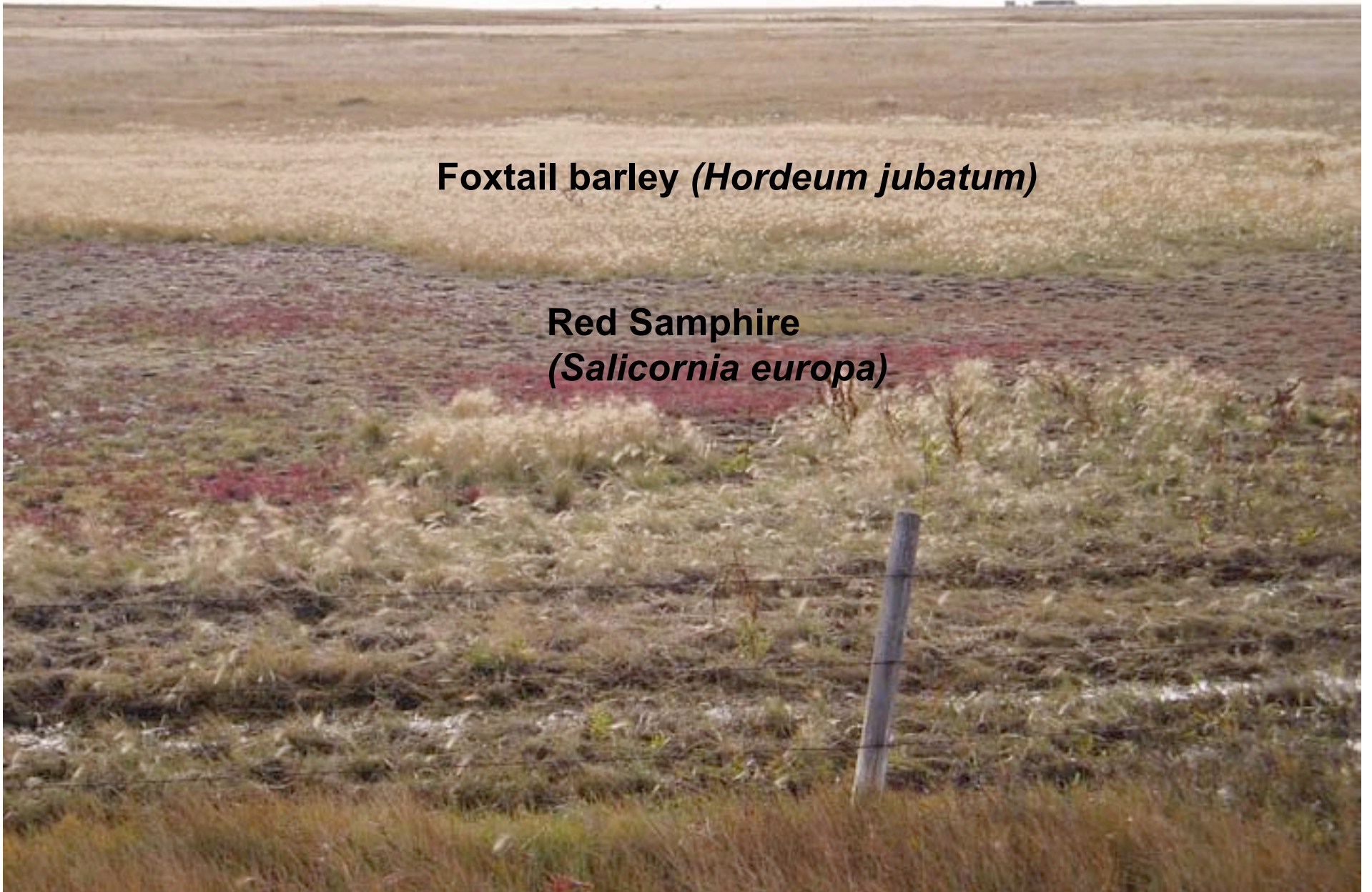




# Saline Lowland (SL) Example in the Dry Mixedgrass

Foxtail barley (*Hordeum jubatum*)

Red Samphire  
(*Salicornia europa*)



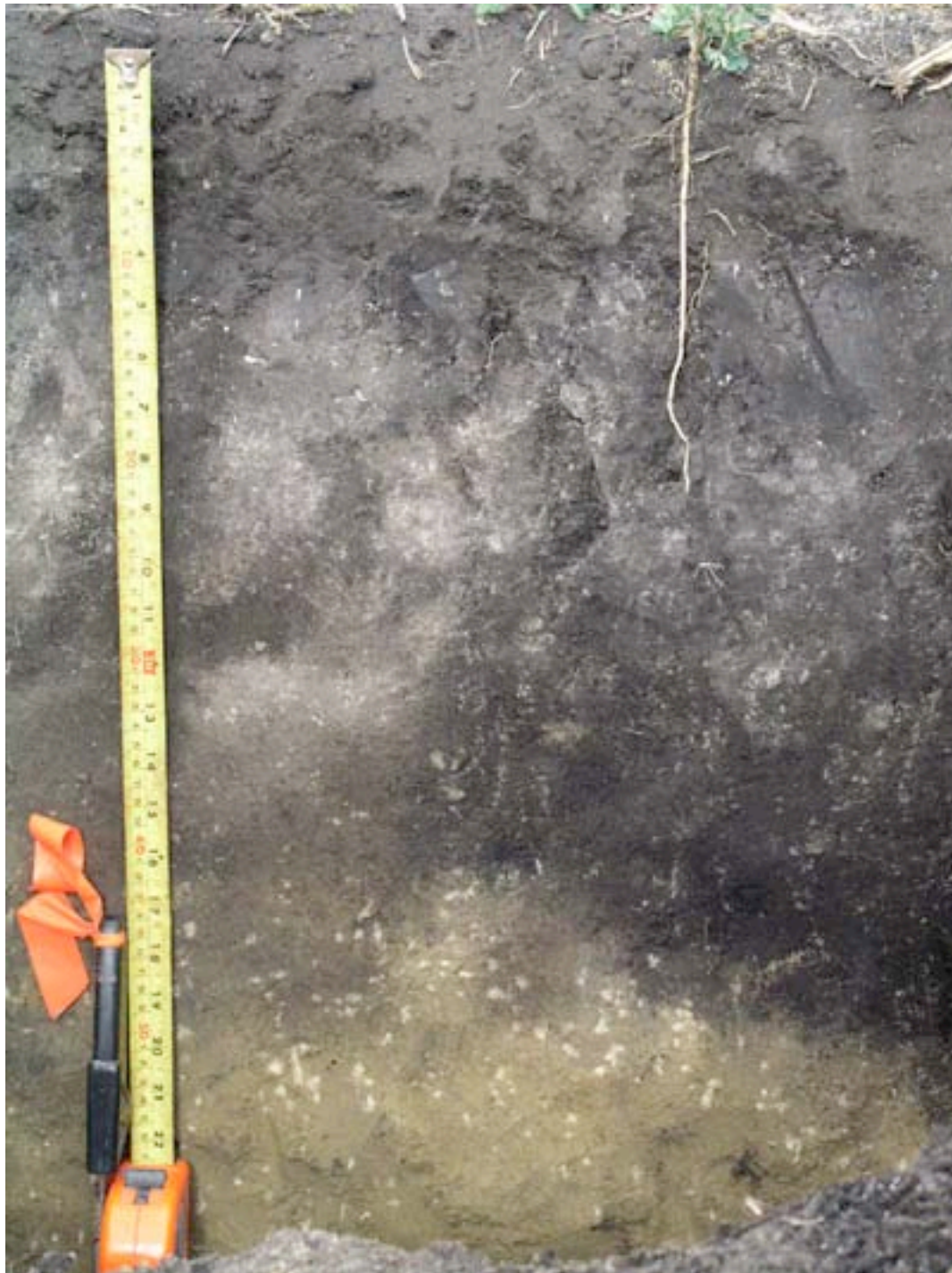




## **Saline Lowland (SL)**

**Foxtail Barley or  
other salophytes**





## Saline Orthic Humic Regosol

Organic staining;  
salt and carbonate  
enriched

Saline Lowland (SL) if  
native vegetation



## Example of Irrigated Pasture (PI) in the Dry Mixedgrass

Rose, indicating  
sandy textures



Irrigation delivery ditches



Salinity in PI; with foxtail barley

Drainage ditch  
to reduce  
salinity





## Example of Irrigated Pasture (PI) in the Dry Mixedgrass

**Rose, indicating sandy textures**

**Irrigation delivery ditch**

**Foxtail barley, indicating salinity**





## **DMG: Saline Lowland Dominated by Salophytes**





## **DMG: Saline Lowland with Areas of 100% Bare Soil**





**DMG: Lentic Alkali, Saline Lowland and Overflow in Milk  
River Valley NW of Aden**





## **DMG: Saline Flows from West into Verdigris Valley**





## **DMG: Lotic Herbaceous, Overflow & Blowouts in Verdigris**



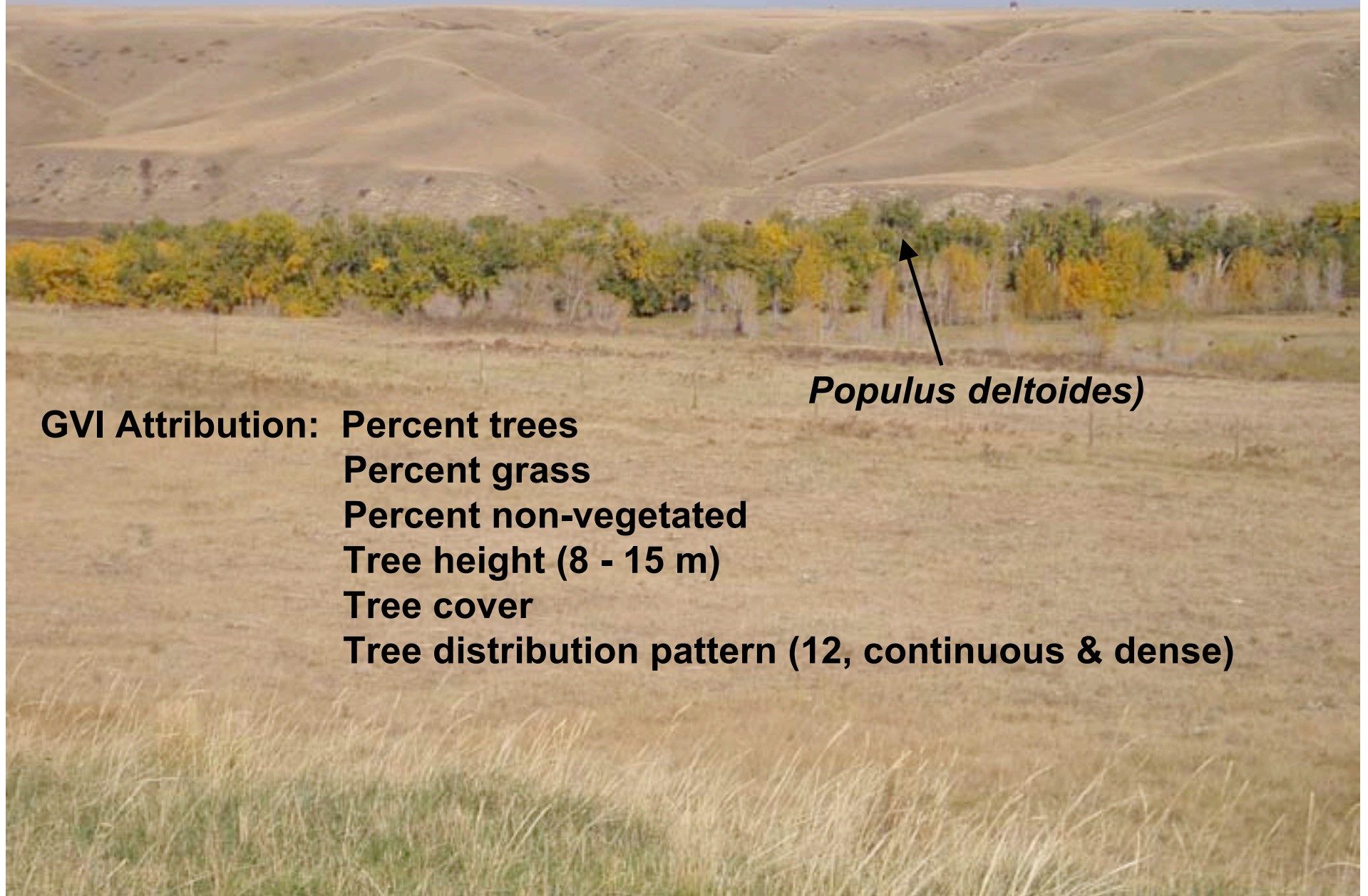


**DMG: Shrubs Indicate Shallow Groundwater and may be subject to occasional runoff flows ; S of Murray Lake**





# Lotic Deciduous (Ltc D) in the Dry Mixedgrass

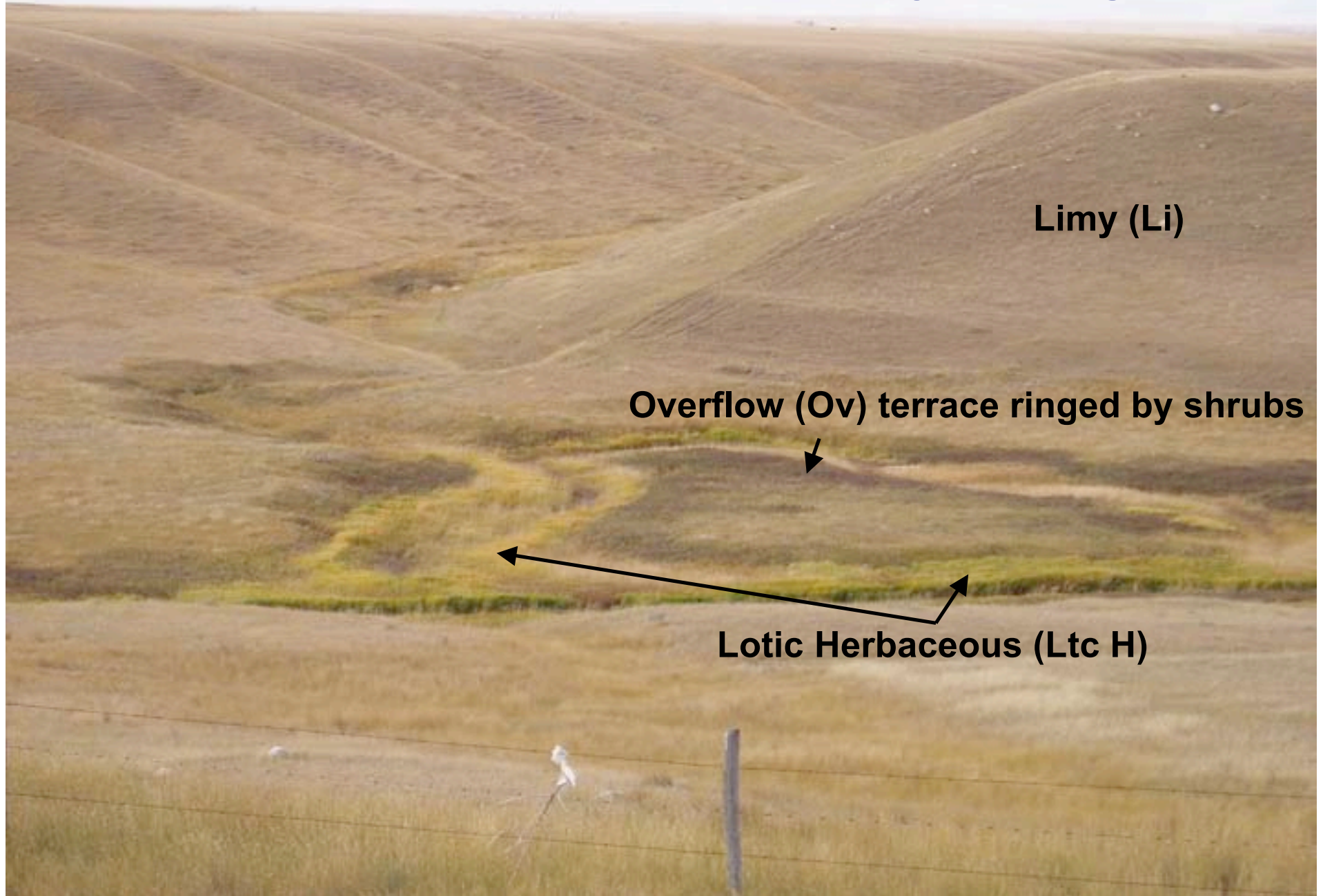


**GVI Attribution:** Percent trees  
Percent grass  
Percent non-vegetated  
Tree height (8 - 15 m)  
Tree cover  
Tree distribution pattern (12, continuous & dense)

*Populus deltoides)*



# Stream Channel Example in the Dry Mixedgrass





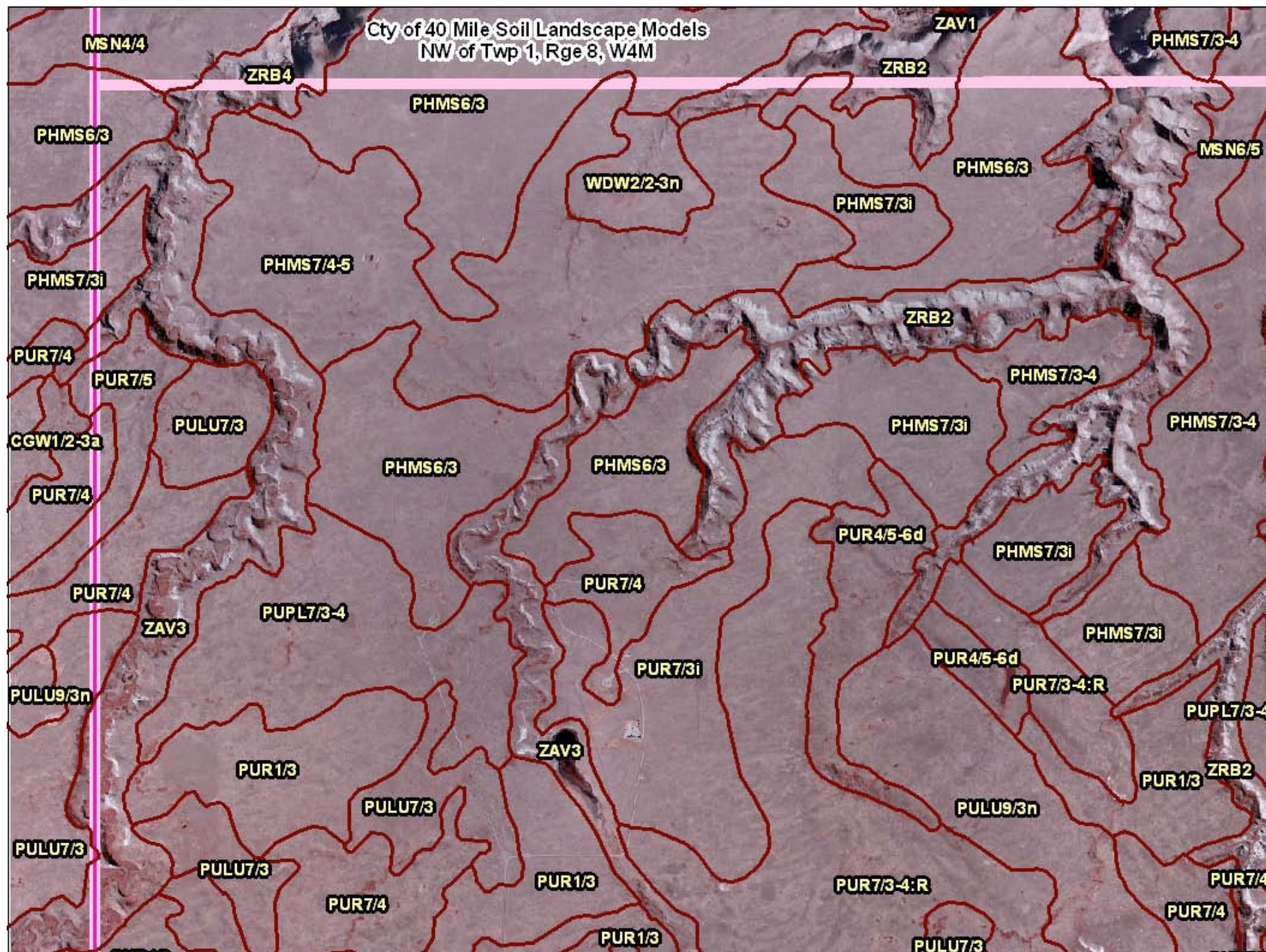
# **Lotic Herbaceous (Ltc H) in the Dry Mixedgrass**

**Cropland Non-irrigated (CN)**

***Phalaris arundinaceae* (Reed Canary Grass)**

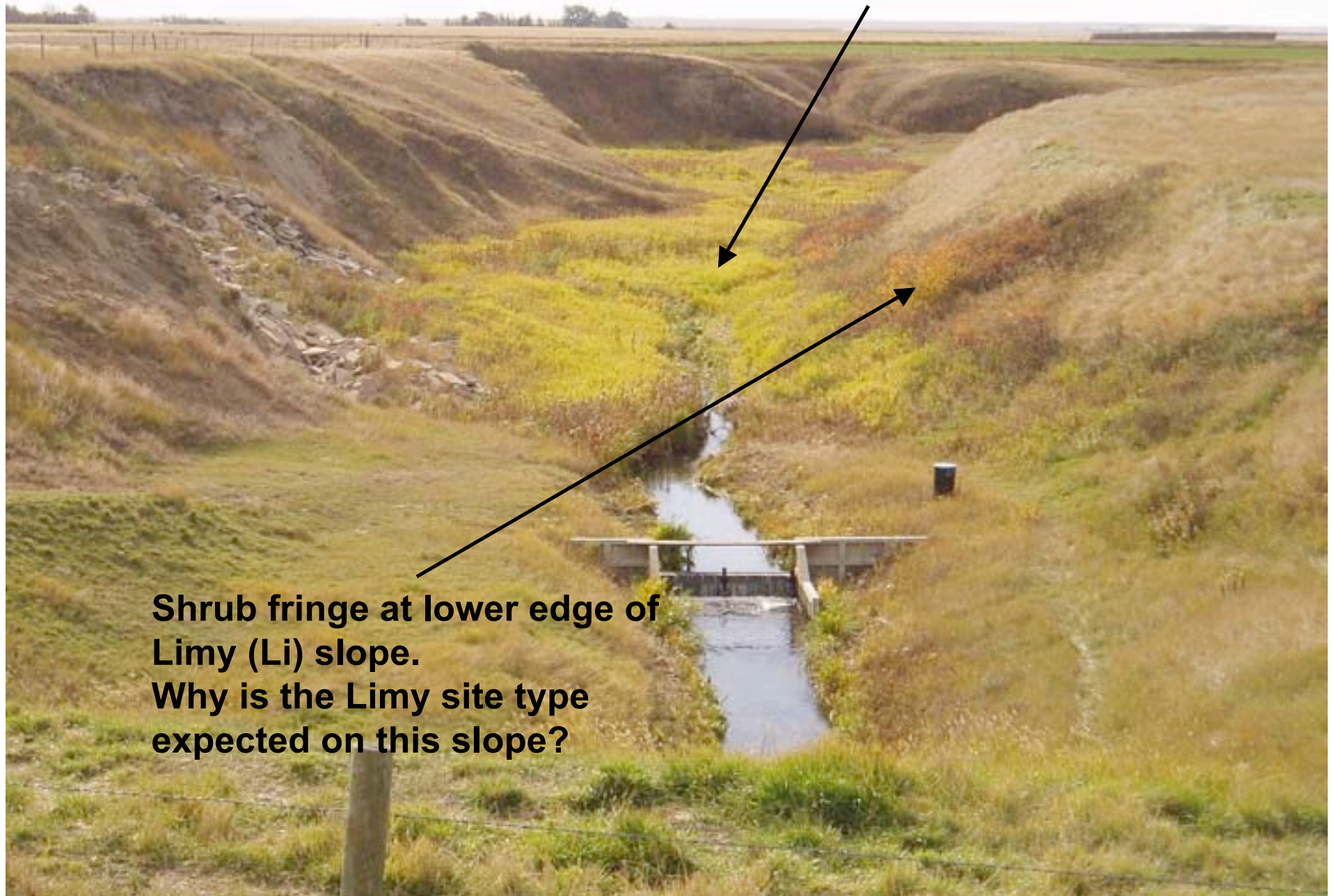








## Lotic Herbaceous (Ltc H) with *Phalaris arundinaceae*



Shrub fringe at lower edge of  
Limy (Li) slope.

Why is the Limy site type  
expected on this slope?



# Example of Numerous Site Types Near Taber in the Dry Mixedgrass

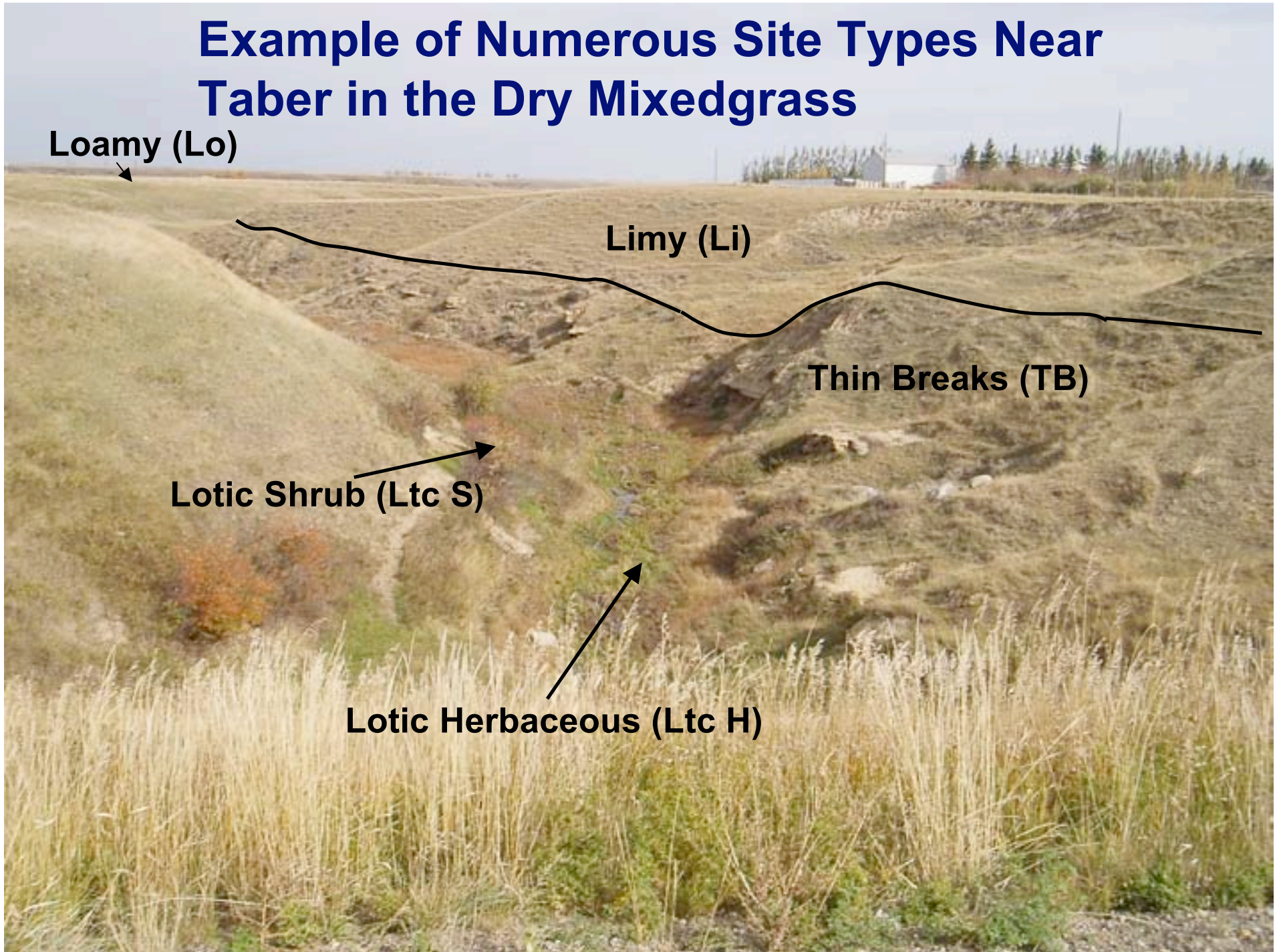
Loamy (Lo)

Limy (Li)

Thin Breaks (TB)

Lotic Shrub (Ltc S)

Lotic Herbaceous (Ltc H)





**Canal Ck area. Ov with each of Lotic-H and Lotic-S**  
**Issue:** Consistency between mappers to be stressed.







# Canal Creek Central (Lost River Ranch)

Line 4 # 108



# Oldman River Valley in the Dry Mixedgrass

Lotic Shrub and Lotic Herbaceous (Ltc S and Ltc H)

Limy (Li)

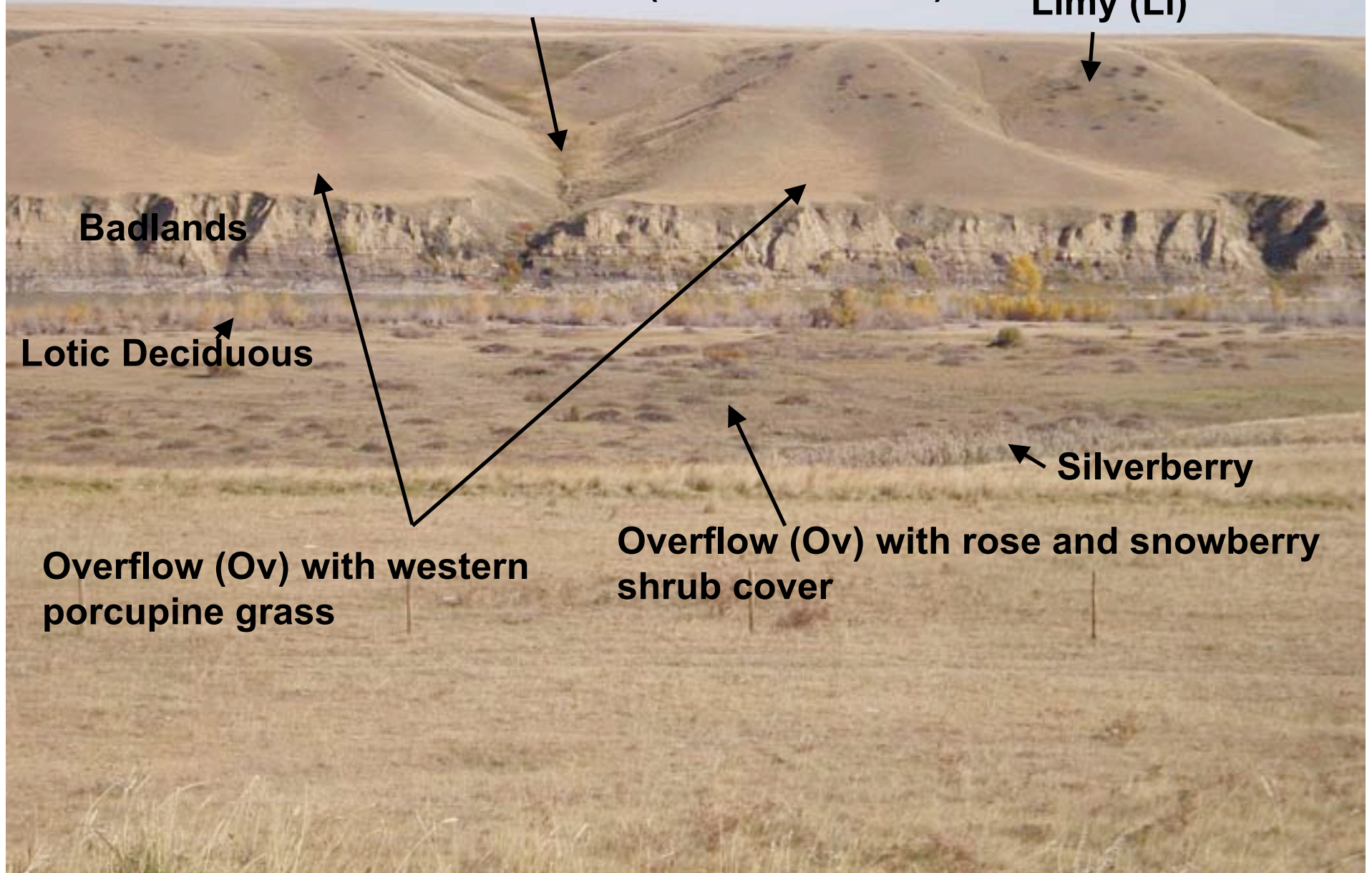
Badlands

Lotic Deciduous

Overflow (Ov) with western porcupine grass

Overflow (Ov) with rose and snowberry shrub cover

Silverberry





# Lotic River (Ltc R), Oldman River NE of Taber

Limy (Li)



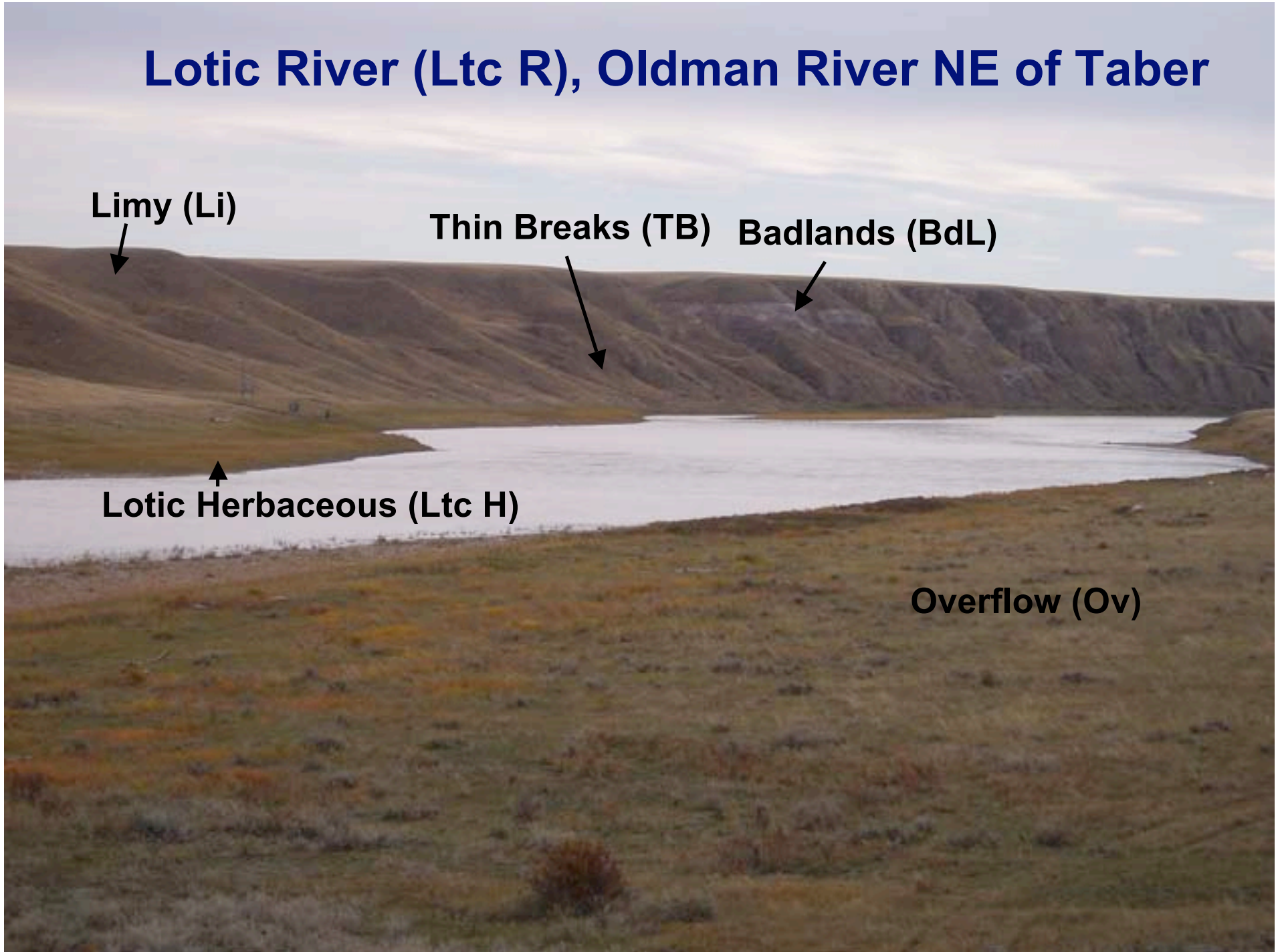
Thin Breaks (TB) Badlands (BdL)



Lotic Herbaceous (Ltc H)



Overflow (Ov)





**DMG: NWA Suffield at River Sentry Trail. Thin Breaks,  
Badlands and Limy**





## **DMG: Lotic and Upland Site Type Complex in Western Part of Milk River Canyon**





**Array of Site Types in Milk R. Canyon; If you identify nine unique GVI site types in this picture, you have a good understanding of GVI.**





## DMG: Oxbow and Lentic ? in the Milk River Canyon





**Lost River Overflow and Saline spring  
Issues- SL or Lotic H; OR point symbol?  
Agreed on Ltc H as springs are an origin for  
flow.**





**Lost River Overflow area with springs or seeps;  
What site types? Agreed on Ov 65, TB 20, LtcH 15.**





**DMG: Lotic and Upland Site Type Complex in  
Oldman River Valley North of Purple Springs**





## DMG: Lotic Complex in Milk River Valley North of Aden





## DMG: Landscape Patterns in the Milk River Canyon





**DMG, Milk River Canyon Overflow (Ov) in Twp. 2, Rge. 6  
with Lotics near river**





## **DMG: Police Coulee at the Junction with the Milk River**

